

Amendments to the Claims

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A circuit configuration for generating the drive signal of the deflection transistor of a cathode ray tube comprising a two-PLL system, characterized in that a delay block (DB1) is connected between the first and the second phase-locked loop, (PLL1, PLL2).
2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A circuit configuration as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the output (HREF) of the first phase-locked loop (PLL1) is connected to the input of the delay block (DB1).
3. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A circuit configuration as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the output of the first delay block (DB1) is connected to an input of the second phase-locked loop, (PLL2).
4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of operating a circuit configuration, in particular a circuit configuration as claimed in claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the horizontal modulation (hmed) is a control value for the delay block, (DB1).
5. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that, together, the constant component (econst1) of the target phase (ZP1) of the first phase-locked loop (PLL1) and the constant component (econst2) of the first delay block (DB1) are greater than 100%.
6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in claim 4 or 5, characterized in that the constant component (econst1) of the first phase-locked loop PLL1 is 30%.
7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in claim 4 any one of claims 4 to 6, characterized in that the constant component (econst2) of the first delay block (DB1) is 80%.

8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of operating a circuit configuration, in particular a circuit configuration as claimed in claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 3~~, characterized in that the target phase (ZP3) of the second phase-locked loop (PLL2) is constant.

9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in claim 8, characterized in that the target phase (ZP3) of the second phase-locked loop (PLL2) is 10%.

10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of operating a circuit configuration, in particular a circuit configuration as claimed in ~~any one of claims 1 to 3, claim 1~~ characterized in that the dynamic component of the target phase (ZP3) of the second phase-locked loop (PLL2) is less than 20% of the entire horizontal modulation (hmod).

11. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of operating a circuit configuration, in particular a circuit configuration as claimed in ~~any one of claims 1 to 3, claim 1~~ characterized in that the dynamic component of the target phase (ZP3) of the second phase-locked loop (PLL2) is approximately 7% of the entire horizontal modulation (hmod).

12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of operating a circuit configuration, in particular a circuit configuration as claimed in ~~any one of claims 1 to 3, claim 1~~ characterized in that the adjustment of the horizontal modulation (hmod) takes place in two parts (hmod1 and hmod2), wherein the first part (hmod1) is realized in the first delay block (DB1), and the second part (hmod2) is realized in the second phase-locked loop (PLL2).

13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that the first part (hmod1) realizes the larger component of the adjustment of the horizontal modulation (hmod), and the second part (hmod2) realizes the smaller component.

14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that the first part (hmod1) is 14% and the second part (hmod2) is 1%.

15. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in ~~any one of claims 4 to 14, claim 4~~ characterized in that the horizontal modulation (hmod) is 15%.

16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in ~~any one of claims 12 to 15, claim 12~~ characterized in that the target phase (ZP2) for the first delay block (DB1) lies in a range from 66% to 94%, and the target phase (ZP3) for the second phase-locked loop (PLL2) lies in a range from 9% to 11%.

17. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method as claimed in ~~any one of claims 4 to 16, claim 4~~ characterized in that the circuit configuration is implemented digitally.